VOLLEYBALL LESSON 2

Yr 5

Learning Intention: How can you volley the ball after a self-feed?

I can make contact to volley the ball after a self-feed
I can begin to volley the ball in a rainbow shape after a self-feed
I can volley the ball in a rainbow shape after a self-feed

EQUIPMENT:

- Soft touch volleyballs
- Cones/spots x 60
- Activity 3 use any ball

Yr 5 Key words: Footwork, Tactics, Reactions, Dig, Outwit, Defensive, Set, Attacking.

WARM UP:

Split the class into two equal teams.

Set up cones with 10 balls on top (heads) and 10 balls underneath cones (tails).

1 team is 'heads' = place ball on top of the cones.

1 team is 'tails' = place ball underneath the cones.

When teacher says "go" - children in each team have to run to each cone, placing the ball in the correct position.

If teacher calls "Ready" - children to freeze and get into the ready position

Remember: No guarding cones. No more than one ball at a time.

Activity 1: Make a rainbow

In Pairs, take it in turns to throw the ball to each other (rainbow shape). **Recap of prior learning** rainbow throw. Throw the ball underarm, try using one or two hands.

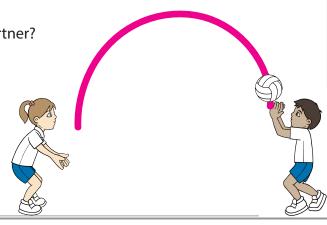
See games below. If you catch the ball in the correct position, you win a point. First to 5 points.

Game 1: You can only catch the ball above your head – with two hands.

Game 2: Catch the ball at knee height- with two hands.

Q&A: What stance should you be in when the ball is being thrown from your partner? **Ready position.**

Remind children not to turn their back to the net/opposition



ACTIVITY 2: Self feed volley

Q&A: What is a volley? Playing the ball above head height with two hands.

See video or teacher to demonstrate.

Recap/learn a Volley:

1. Working in pairs - Throw to each other and catch the ball above your head. (hands in correct position)

See Head, shoulders, knees and toes.

Volley (Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes):

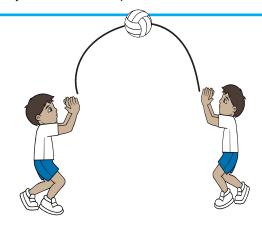
Head- Place hands in front of forehead. (hands in diamond shape)

Shoulders – Face shoulders in the direction you want the ball to travel

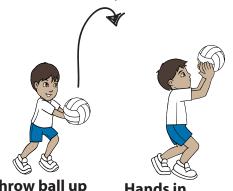
Knees – Bent and feet balanced.

Toes -Right foot forward, left foot back.

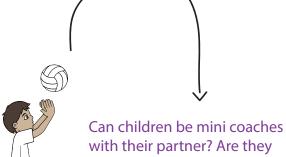
Volley- Push the ball upwards- remember rainbow shape!



 Self-feed and volley the ball to a space using a rainbow shape (take it in turns). Throw ball up with two hands, then volley.



Throw ball up Hands in underarm diamond shape



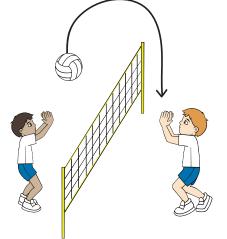
with their partner? Are they in the correct position?

Push ball upwards

Self-feed and volley the ball to your partner- in rainbow shape- they are to then catch it.

Note: You can do this with or without a net.

Make it easier: Use a beach ball/balloon



ACTIVITY 3: 1 v1

Child 1 Throws the ball underarm to their partner.

Child 2 Catches the ball and returns it with a self-feed volley.

Players are attempting to **outwit** their opponents- and to score points.

They score a point when the ball touches the floor, (court) or if it is played into the net.

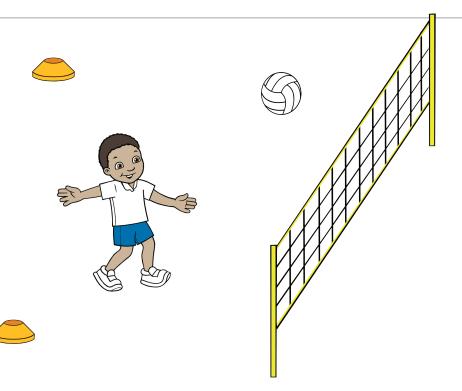
Children to play first to 5 points.

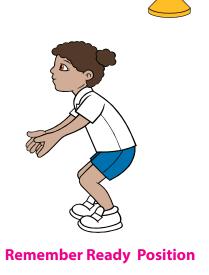
They can rotate around to play other children.

Q&A: What is important about your position when you return the ball? It is important that children face the direction they intend to play the ball before contact.

RST (Rules, Strategies and Tactics): Where do you need to play the ball to beat /outwit your opponent? Into a space out of their reach.

Make it harder: Volley straight back. Make it easier: Use a beach ball.





COOL DOWN

Repeat the warm up - slower paced.

PLENARY

What was your favourite part of the lesson? Show me heads, shoulders, knees and toes position.

